

Akenten Appiah-Menka University of Skills Training and Entrepreneurial Development



Institute for Teacher Professional Development and Lifelong Learning

End of Second Semester Examinations - October, 2024

College:	
Course Code:	ECS 121
Course Title:	INTRODUCTION TO INTEGRATED SCIENCE II
Duration:	Two (2) Hours
Instruction:	This names consists of five sections (A.F.) Answers

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For questions 1-20, Choose the most appropriate answer from the options lettered A, B, C and D provided.

- 1. The energy possessed by a body by virtue of its position is called...
 - A. kinetic energy
 - B. position energy
 - C. potential energy
 - D. total energy
- 2. A lady positioned to dive into a swimming pool will have energy
 - A. heat
 - B. kinetic
 - C. potential
 - D. sound
- 3. Which of the following sources of energy is not a renewable energy source?
 - A. Natural gas .
 - B. Solar energy
 - C. Tidal waves
 - D. Wind energy

- 4. What is its kinetic energy if an object has a mass of 10 kg and is moving at a velocity of 3 m/s?
 - A. 15J
 - B. 30J
 - C., 45J
 - D. 60J

- $K = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m^{2}}{(10)} \times (3)^{2}$ $K = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(10)}{(10)} \times (9) = \frac{90}{2}$
- 5. The purpose of a transistor in a circuit board is to...
 - A. amplify signals
 - B. convert AC to DC
 - C. resist current flow
 - D. store energy
- 6. All the following are active electronic components except
 - A. Diode
 - B. Integrated Circuits
 - C. Switch
 - D. transistor
- 7. An electric circuit operates in...type of connectivity configuration.
 - A. close
 - B. disconnected
 - C. open
 - D. short
- 8. All the following are infectious diseases except.
 - A. Cholera
 - B. Chicken pox
 - C. Measles
 - D. Mental Disease
- 9. Malaria is caused by which pathogen?
 - A. Bacteria.
 - B. Fungi.
 - C. Parasite.
 - D. Virus.

- 10. Which of the following stages in the life cycle of a mosquito is found in water?
 - A. Egg, larva and adult
 - B. Larva, pupa and adult
 - C. Egg and Larva
 - D. Egg, larva and pupa
- 11. The primary purpose of a portfolio in education is to ...
 - A. serves as a random collection of student work.
 - B. provide a systematic collection that documents student progress.
 - C. showcase only the best work of students.
 - D. fulfill administrative requirements.
- 12. What type of assessment does a portfolio primarily support?
 - A. Formative assessment
 - B. Criterion-referenced
 - C. Norm-referenced assessment
 - D. Summative assessment
- 13. The purpose of a displayed portfolio is to...
 - A. diagnose the difficulty areas of learners.
 - B. demonstrate the highest level of achievement attained by the learner.
 - C. document students' learning of specific learning outcomes.
 - D. demonstrate mastery of learners in any curricular areas.
- 14. Which of the following is not a feature of the portfolio?
 - A. Collect work samples over time, reflecting development changes.
 - B. Involves students in design, collection and evaluation.
 - C. Promotes self-regulation by involving students in the assessment of their learning progress.
 - D. Comprises disconnected tests and quizzes and helps in ascertaining the product of learning.
- 15. A broken bone is scientifically known as ...
 - A. burns
 - B. fracture
 - C. injury
 - D. wound



6-1-4	ng first aid except to
16. All the following are the purpose of giving	ng inst
A. keep the victims half alive.	Service Servic
B. preserve life.	
C. promote recovery.	
D. stop further bleeding.	registed with overpopulation?
D. stop further bleeding. 17. Which of the following is not a problem	n associated with
A. Employment	White the second of the second
B. Food	name by the first of the sales
C. Housing	Andrews of the control of the
D. Labour .	A Security of the All St.
18. All the following are effects of urbaniz	ation except
 decrease in demand for water. 	e to
B. decrease in the amount of farm	ning land.
C. increase in the demand for pov	wer.
D. increase in traffic.	
19. Which colour is typically associated w	with prohibition or danger in safety signs?
A. Blue	riotto glacitti
B. Green	parang an expedicated a
C. Red	and single
D. Yellow	
20. What does the acronym PASS stand f	for in fire extinguisher usage?
A. Pull, Aim, Squeeze, Sweep	
B. Push, Aim, Squeeze, Sweep	11 31 11 1
C. Pull, Aim, Squeeze, Stop	A STATE OF THE SALE
D. Push, Aim, Squeeze, Stop	
2	2
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SECTION B (5 Marks)

for questions 21-25, indicate which of the following statements is TRUE or FALSE.

- 21. A solar-powered calculator changes electricity into light energy.
- 22. Kinetic energy is a form of Mechanical energy.
- 23. Fossil fuels are energy stored from photosynthesis over millions of years.
- 24. The physical environment consists of both abiotic and non-living factors. 25. A tentative characteristic explains that technology is not subject to change.

SECTION C (5 Marks)

For questions 26-30, match the word/concept to the uses. Do so by writing the letters against each question number.

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26	<u>.</u>	Fuse	Α	Converts electrical energy into light.
27	<i>Q</i>	Transformer	В	Allow current flow in one direction
28	<u>E</u>	Capacitor	C	Protect against over-current.
29	<u>B</u>	Diode	D	Step up or down voltage.
30	6	Resistor	E	Store electricity energy temporally.
			F	Limit the flow of electrical current.
		301	G	Control the flow of current in the circuit

SECTION D (10 Marks)

For questions 31-40, provide the appropriate word to complete them.

- 31. The extensive planting of trees to increase forest cover is called ... Afforest about
- 32. A professional tool that the teacher uses to reflect on their progress and professional growth is called ... Part tolo
- 33. An item in the first aid box that is used to clean a wound is referred to as.....(off) 34. The application of scientific and mathematical concepts to solve human needs islecturolog 4
- 35. When a flashlight is turned on, the chemical energy stored in the batteries is transformed into

36. The resources that can be replenished or replaced naturally in a short time are termed as. Remember 1

- 37. The practice of keeping oneself and surroundings clean, especially to prevent illness or spread of
- disease is termed as ty.great

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- 38. The form of disease related to the absence of certain nutrients in the diet is referred to
- 39. A transistor is a semiconductor device used to......or switch electrical signals and power.
- 40. The term that best describes a situation where one or more bones at a joint are pulled out of place is called ... Distocation

SECTION E (20 Marks) Answer only One question from this section.

- 41. A. (i) What is a non-communicable disease? (2Marks) Diseases that Cannot be Spread from one person to another.
 - (ii) Give any three (3) examples of non-communicable diseases. Stroke
 - B. (i) An object of mass 50 g is placed on top of a mountain.

(α) State the type of energy stored in the object on top of the mountain. P (2Mark) Potential energy (β) Calculate the amount of the energy stored in the object if the height of the mountain is

50m. [Take
$$g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$
; $U = 0 \text{ m/s}$]

P. $E : m \times g \times h = 0.5 \times 60 \times 10$

P. $E = 260\overline{J}$

- C. (a) State any four (4) benefits of a portfolio in the educational system. (4 Marks)
- D. (a) State any two (2) examples of occupational hazards. (2Marks)
 - (β) Enumerate three (3) ways of preventing occupational hazards. (3Marks)

A Circuit Contains a Moltage which is directly proportional to the current and resistance encountered by the current in the Circuit.

42. (A.) (i) State Ohm's law.	(2Marks)				
(ii) State the energy changes that occur when the TV set is switched on. Hechical -> Light -> Sound -> heat . 6- L - S - H	(3Marks)				
B. (i) State any two safety rules for students in science practical activities.	(2Marks)				
(ii) Sort the following diseases into pathogenic and non-pathogenic.	(3Marks)				
1. Stress whom					
2. Malaria - Pathor					
3. Obesity - NUGA					
4. Typhoid - Path					
5. Ricket - Allegenic					
6. Goiter - Nohogani					
C. (i) By giving specific examples, differentiate between communicable and					
non-communicable diseases.	(3 Marks)				
(ii)Differentiate between kinetic energy and potential energy.	(3 Marks)				
D. Differentiate between renewable and non-renewable sources with specific examples					
b. Sincremente octween renewable and non-renewable sources with species	(4 Marks)				
43.					
	(4 Morles)				
A. Briefly explain the acronym "PASS" as used in the firefighting.	(4 Marks)				
B. State four (4) sources of class one source of fire.	(4 Marks)				
C. Explain why it is advisable to close doors and windows as a firefighting precaution.					
(4Marks)					
D. State any four (4) benefits of a portfolio in the educational system.	(4 Marks)				
E. State the energy transformations that occur in the following	(4 Marks)				
1. Electric irons convert electrical energy into heat energy					
2. An electric generator converts mechanical energy into electrical to sound.					